

Presented by Steve Bradshaw

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What is he talking about?

- In this session we discuss
 - How you can check if your system is working well
 - How you can reduce the risk of unexpected downtime
 - How you can improve the performance of your server
 - How you can reduce the cost of running your server
 - How you can more easily monitor your system
 - How you can look back in time to find the cause of problems



All without paying any extra for third party tools or services

But first a Disclaimer

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Photographs shown are of engineering prototypes. Changes may be incorporated in production models.

This is mine

- I try ever so hard to get it right
- "Opinions are like buttocks Everyone has them!"
 - You are hearing mine, not Rowton's, not Common's, not IBM's
 - My opinions are not necessarily right But then again neither are yours



 All material presented is done so on an "as is" basis and is mostly correct at the time of presenting them, I hope. This is only intended as a guide to get you going.

Is IBM i bulletproof?



Yes - but it still needs a little TLC

There is a time & place for everything

Example: If you are boarding a plane, what is the last thing you want to see?



There is a time & place for everything

Example: If you are running your Year End, what is the last thing you want to see?





Good News:

It is not difficult

It does not take long

You can do it yourself for free!

Make a little time for your IBM i

What is the number 1 cause of downtime?

Cabling – Both Network and Power

Keep it tidy

Keep it off the floor

Your server needs to breath

You need access to the server

You need to be able to trace the cable

Your messy cabling may work today But it is a disaster waiting to happen



Minimize Electrical Problems

No Electrical Power = No



Your server has dual power supplies

Connect these to alternate power feeds If in a data center then use alternate PDUs If on premise use UPS and utility mains

If you have a UPS make sure you test it Does the battery last as long as you think? Typical battery life halves over 2 years Does the serial cable signal a shut down?

Minimize Network Problems

No Network = No



Since POWER5 all servers have dual ethernet

Since IBM i 5.4 we have had virtual ethernet

Since IBM i 7.1 we have had aggregated ethernet

Yet so many IBM i Servers still use a single NIC port

Both Virtual and Aggregated Ethernet are Free

Either can protect you from single point of failure in your ethernet cables or switches

Environment

Physical Environment is important

Operating temperature range 5–35°C / 41–95°F

Recommended temperature range 18–24°C / 65-75°F

Pro tip: Check your thermostats: You might be paying too much for Air conditioning You can run your servers at 20–24°C / 68-75°F

Using Power10 eBMC to check health

There are 147 Sensors that can report health issues

IJ	IBM ASMI RIT-Starke-P10-9105-41B-7843771 9105-41B 7843771 8													
습 신	Overview Operations	~	Senso	ors										
Ē	Resource management	~	This p	age might take a few minutes to lo	ad									
Ð,	Hardware status	^												
	Inventory and LEDs													
	Sensors		Q Search fo	or sensors	147 items			ಘ Filter						
	Hardware deconfiguration	1		Name		🗣 Status	Current value	*						
	PCIe hardware topology			Altitude		Ø OK	54.257 m							
2	Logs	\sim				•		_						
තු	Settings	\sim		avdd rail iout		Ø OK	A							
\bigtriangledown	Security and access	~		avdd rail iout peak		0 ок	A							
	Notices			flett slot c10 rail iout		🖉 ОК	A							

Using Power10 eBMC to check health

Use Filter to help find what you are looking for Sensors

1) This page might take a few minutes to load

Q temp	× 59 of 147 items		⊽ ≏ Filte	r
	♦ Name	🗣 Status	Current value	-
	Ambient 0 Temp	Ø OK	27.312 Cel	
	Ambient 1 Temp	Ø OK	27.593 Cel	
	Ambient 2 Temp	🕗 ОК	27.059 Cel	
	NVMe 1 Temp	🕗 ОК	Cel	
	NVMe 2 Temp	🕗 ОК	Cel	
	NVMe JBOF Card C10 Local Temp	🕗 ОК	Cel	
	NVMe JBOF Card C10 Temp	Ø OK	Cel	
	PCIE 0 Temp	Ø OK	30 Cel	

Using Power10 eBMC to check health

Use Filter to help find what you are looking for Sensors

1) This page might take a few minutes to load

Q temp	× 59 of 147 items		⊽ ≏ Filte	r
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	NVMe 1 Temp	🕗 ОК	Cel	
	NVMe 2 Temp	🕗 ОК	Cel	
	NVMe JBOF Card C10 Local Temp	🕗 ОК	Cel	
	NVMe JBOF Card C10 Temp	Ø OK	Cel	
	PCIE 0 Temp	Ø OK	30 Cel	

Power10 eBMCe Health Monitor

Using your BMC to check temperature via HMC

	BM ASMI RIT-Starke-P10-9105-41B-7843771 9105-41B 7843771													
ή\ E	Overview Operations	~	Overview											
Ë,	Resource management Hardware status Inventory and LEDs	~	BMC date and time 2023-06-13 05:36:42 UTC				Host console	→						
	Sensors Hardware deconfiguration	n	System information		16	Firmura information		View energy						
	PCIe hardware topology Logs Settings Security and access Notices	> > >	Model 9105-41B Serial number 7843771 Asset tag 2 RIT-Starke-P10-9105-41B- 7843771	Operating mode Manual Service login Nisabled	View more	Firmware information Running fw1030.20-30- 1030.2317.20230429a- prod (ML1030_060) Backup fw1030.01-1- 1030.2251.20221217a- prod (ML1030_030)	Access key expiration 2025-12-19	View more						

lealth

Power10 eBMCe Health Monitor

Using your BMC to check temperature via HMC

ĪĪ	3 ASMI RIT-Starke-P10-9105-41B-7843771 9105-41B 7843771 843771													
	 Overview Operations ✓ Resource management ✓ Hardware status ∧ Inventory and LEDs Sensors 			Eve Q Searc	Event logs From date 2 Search logs YYYY-MM-DD						Ê	To date		
											ಘ Filter	🗓 Delete all	⊥ Download all	
	Hardware deconfiguration					♦ ID	Severity	Date	Description			Status		
<u>[∑</u>	PCIe hardware topology Logs	~		~		292	Critical	2022-10-31 14:12:48 UTC	110015F6 event in	subsystem: Power Supply	y	Resolve	d 🛃 🔟	

Power10 eBMCe Health Monitor

Using your eBMC to check Electrical Power Supplies

-41B-7843771 91	.05-41B 7843771				8	Health	S Power
Sensor	ſS						
🚯 This page	e might take a few minutes to load						
Q ps	× 14	of 147 items			ಘ Filter		
	♦ N ame		♦ Status	Current value	^		
	ps2 output current		🛛 ОК	0 A			
	ps3 output current		⊘ок	0 A			
	ps2 input power		⊘ок	23.438 W			
	ps3 input power		⊘ок	23.156 W			

Using your BMC to check temperature via HMC

If you don't have a Power10 but do have a Power HMC

BMC System Ma	BMC System Management											
IBM.	baloo 192.168.2.205					Server health > Good						
Server	FILTER BY SEVERITY All Critical W	arning Normal										
overview	Sensors (36)	Low critical	Low warning	Current	High warning	High critical						
	Temperature Ambient Temp	NaN° C	NaN° C	26.375° C	NaN° C	NaN° C						
Server health	Temperature Onboard0 Temp	NaN° C	NaN° C	32.25° C	NaN° C	NaN° C						
Server control	Temperature Onboard1 Temp	NaN° C	NaN° C	30.5° C	NaN° C	NaN° C						
තු	Temperature Vcs Temp	0° C	0° C	26° C	100° C	105° C						
Server configuration	Temperature Vdd Temp	0° C	0° C	28° C	100° C	105° C						
<u>f</u>	Temperature Vddr Temp	0° C	0° C	28° C	100° C	105° C						
Access control	Temperature Vdn Temp	0° C	0° C	29° C	100° C	105° C						

Using your BMC to check temperature via HMC

How to find this information? - Use ACS

IR	MiJ	Access Client Solutions
ile	<u>E</u> dit	<u>V</u> iew <u>A</u> ctions <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp
	Welc	ome
Sys	tem:	RIT-IronMan 🗸 🔶
	Gen	eral
	10	Data Transfer
	10	5250 Emulator
		Integrated File System
		Navigator for i
		SSH Terminal
		Printer Output
Ξ	Data	base
		Schemas
		Run SQL Scripts
		SQL Performance Center
	Con	sole
		5250 Console
		Virtual Control Panel
		Hardware Management Console (HMC)
		eBMC on HMC
		eBMC on Power10
		Spectrum Control
		Tape Management 1
_		
	Man	agement
		System Configurations
		5250 Session Manager
		HMC Probe Utility
	1.0	Open Source Package Management

Environment

Other Physical Factors

Humidity – Computers hate humidity

Dust – Dust is the enemy, your server is a hoover!

Pro Tip: You best way of cleaning is an Air Duster





Use the Navigator Dashboard







Use System Monitors

Wide variety of monitors available

Monitors can trigger programs

You can set thresholds for triggers

Cre	eate	New System Monitor	
м	etri	cs	
	Avai	lable Metrics:	_
		Metrics	
		Communications Line Utilization (Average)	^
		Communications Line Utilization (Maximum)	
		LAN Utilization (Average)	
		LAN Utilization (Maximum)	
		Disk Response Time (Read)	
		Disk Response Time (Write)	
		Disk Arm Utilization (Maximum)	
		Disk Storage Utilization (Average)	
		Disk Storage Utilization (Maximum)	
		Disk Arm Utilization for System ASP (Average)	
		Disk Arm Utilization for System ASP (Maximum)	•

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Setup a Monitor for Disk Busy Usage > 15%

Create New System Mo	onitor													
General *Name DiskBu Description Disk B	<mark>isy15</mark> usy GT 15 ⁰	% 2 r	nins											
Create New Metrics Available Metr Com Com LAN LAN Disk	System M Config Disk Ca Tl	ionita gur figur k An ollec hree	e Metric e Metric rm Utilizat tion Interva shold1 Enable Thre create New S	tion I Syste	(Average Id	e)	60 V		Seconds					
Disk Disk Disk Disk Disk			Summary General Name Descr Metrics	e: riptic Syst	DiskBus on: Disk Bus tem Monitors	y15 Sy GT 15% 2 5 - 192.168.10	mins							
< Back) N	т	h	Dis (Av	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	No filter	applied	Status	s 🔻	Matrice	Descrit	ation	Creation Date/Time	Status Changed	Search
	ОК	Dur Ope Res Dur Ope	ration: erating Sy set: ration: erating Sy Cancel		Monitor	Visualize Mon Investigate N Event Log Start Stop New Based C Delete Properties	Status Stopped nitor Data Monitor Data		Disk Arm Utilization	(A Disk Bu	otion usy GT 15% 2 r	Creation Date/Time	Status Changed	Owner QSECOFR

Use Visualise Monitor Data

Select System Monitors

Right click DiskBusy35, select Visualise Monitor Data



Scroll Back Through time with slider at the bottom Protip: You can jump to PDI for problem job details

Health Indicators

Regularly check your health indicator graphs They will show you when issues start to appear



Health Indicators

- If the top level Heath Indicator shows a problem
- Then Drill down to the next level



Enhanced Performance Tools

Keep drilling down until you find the problem job or jobs.
 Then you can work out a solution



Establishing a baseline



Best Practise is to know your system

- -Record how a system looks when working well
- -This gives you a base line to compare against
- -It helps to illuminate false positives
- -And it nearly always shows you something you were not expecting!
- Protip: Check out 5733ARE now its free!

Establishing a baseline If you have 7.3 (or newer) then use the Graph History This shows rolling history for 30 days



If you are running 7.1 (or newer) then use PDI This shows one graph per day



NVMe Health Monitor

NVMe Health Monitor also available in the New Navigator for i

IBM Na	avigator for i		☆ Search		Q	RCHWACO.rcf	n.stglal		
品	NVMe Devices								
<u> </u>	■ Actions								
	Resource Name ↑↓ Hardware Model ↑↓	Life Remaining (%) ↑↓	Spare Capacity (%) ↑↓	Spare Capacity Threshold (%) ↑↓	Number Media Errors ↑↓	Number Unsafe Shutdowns ↑↓	Co Te (Co		
	System	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	F		
ট্টো	System Status System Operator Messages	100%	100%	10%	0	1	36		
Ê	History Log	100%	100%	10%	0	1	34		
•==	Disk Status	100%	100%	10%	0	1	37		
•	NVMe Devices	View and work with NVM	e devices	10%	0	1	34		
20	SSD Status	100 %		>> 100 ×					
<u>~</u>	Watch Sessions								
Č	Exit Programs	Total Rows: 4							
æ	SQL Services								

IBM i 7.5 & 7.4

NVMe Health Monitor

IBMi / 7.5 /

Display NVMe health

Last Updated: 2022-05-03

Select this function to show the NVMe device health data associated with the NVMe devices that exist on the IBM® i partition.

- 1. Select Work with disk units on the Use System Service Tools (SST) display.
- 2. Select Work with disk configuration on the Work with Disk Units display.
- 3. Select Work with NVMe Devices on the Work with Disk Configuration display.
- 4. Select Display NVMe health on the Work with NVMe Devices display.
- 5. Select the NVMe device.

-	Display NV	'Me Lifetime Re	emaining	
Serial Number YOYAF1YBYO8S	Type Mode 58FE 000	Resource 1 Name 1005	Lifetime Remaining 100 %	Power On Hours 11762
Press Enter to	continue.			

IBM i 7.5 only

Cache Batteries



- On average they make your disk writes 10x faster
- But like all batteries, they will eventually fail
- Your system will warn you before this occurs
- Change your batteries before they fail
- If you don't, you data is safe but your disk is 10x slower
- Check your cache batteries with CALL QSMBTTCC

		Displ	ay Spooled	File		
File	: QPCS	SMPRT		P	age/Line 1/1	18
Control .	· · · · ·			C	olumns 1 -	- 78
Find						
*+	1+2	+3	+ 4	+5	+ 6 +	.7+
RESOURCE	SERIAL	TYPE	FRAME	CARD	MAINTAINABLE	SAFELY
NAME	NUMBER	MODEL	ID	POSITION	BATTERY PACK	REPLACED
DC01	1C-7014093	2780-001	3002	C02	YES	NO
DC02	1C-7032002	5708-001	3002	C03	YES	NO
DC06	0C-5331149	2780-001	3001	C02	YES	NO
DC07	0C-5311129	5708-001	3001	C03	YES	NO
RUNNING M	ACRO: BATTERYIN	IFO		-LIST -WA	RN	
***LIST O	F ALL RESOURCES	S THAT HAVE	CACHE			
WITH T	HE ESTIMATED TI	ME TO WARN	ING IN DAY	S***		\square
539-52-5 53,252 C.753					EST. TIME	EST. TIME
RESOURCE	SERIAL	TYPE	FRAME	CARD	TO WARNING	TO ERROR
NAME	NUMBER	MODEL	ID	POSITION	(IN DAYS)	(IN DAYS)
DC01	1C-7014093	2780-001	3002	C02	942	1033
DC02	1C-7032002	5708-001	3002	C03	942	1033
DC06	0C-5331149	2780-001	3001	C02	942	1033
DC07	0C-5311129	5708-001	3001	C03	2	8.0
						More
F3=Exit	F12 <mark>=Cancel</mark>	19 <mark>=Left</mark>	F20=Right	F24=More	keys	

Cache Batteries

 ProTip: Before you do your concurrent cache battery swap Use CHGSRVA to limit who receives the error message



Use Expert Cache

- This operating system function will use your systems intelligence to work out what data to page in.
- This is great for systems with plenty of spare CPU
- This is ideal for read intensive processes
- It is free and can be turned on or off in real time
- WRKSYSSTS then F11 (Advanced Assistance Level)

% CPU	used			. 3	System ASP		: 1702 G
Elaps	ed time .		: 00:	00:01	🛛 🛠 system ASP us	sed	: 57.1487
Jobs	in system			1298	Total aux stg		: 1702 G
% per	m addresse	s		.007	Current tempora	ary used . :	: 10254 M
% tem	p addresse	s		. 248	Peak temporary	used :	: 17109 M
Sys Pool 1 2 3 4	Pool Size M <u>2807.51</u> 51874.10 <u>6143.98</u> 614.39	Reserved Size M 1448.30 4.72 .00 .00	Max Act +++++ <u>760</u> <u>1536</u> 15	Pool *MACHIN *BASE *INTERF *SPOOL	Subsystem IE ACT	Library	Paging Option *FIXED *CALC *CALC *CALC

Check for Damaged Objects

- Often these lie hidden on your system
- They tend to appear on infrequently run processes Especially Go Save 21, or Application Upgrades
- You can check for them using the free ARE disk checker
- Start from QSHELL command line (STRQSH) /QIBM/ProdData/OS/OSGi/templates/bin/areVerify.sh -storage diskUnits=*ALL

	QSH Command Entry
[21:00] [21:00] [21:00] [21:00] [21:00] [21:02]	Storage dump complete. 3m 39s Verifying storage Querying total segment count483124 Query segments Processing 18% (90000/483124). Error=0. Time left=8m 14s
[21:08] [21:08] [21:08] [21:08] [21:08] [21:08] [21:08]	100% (483124/483124). Error=0 No storage error found. Storage verification complete. 8m 10s Completion date = Tue Aug 23 21:08:19 UTC 2016 Total time = 11m 51s Complete.
===>	
F3=Exit F13=Clear	F8=Print F9=Retrieve F12=Disconnect F17=Top F18=Bottom F21=CL command entry

Protip: This process is disk intensive, do not run at busy times

Check for Network Issues

- Often you do not realise you have them
- They make your system slower / intermittently fail
- Typical example, your http admin server is slow
- You can check for them using the free ARE disk checker
- Start from QSHELL command line (STRQSH) /QIBM/ProdData/OS/OSGi/templates/bin/areVerify.sh -network

QSH Command Entry	
Running plugin Network Verifier	
Running plugin Network Configuration Checker	
Running plugin Product Verifier	
Network verification completed	
Summary report written to //network.summ ^{Running plugin Network Configurati Detailed report written to //network.out^{Info: The FQDN} is not the first er}	ion Checker htry for the associated IP address
<pre>\$ Running plugin Product Verifier > Total number of product item ==></pre>	is checked: 1
Administration Runtime Expert comp Plugins run: 4 Items checked: 1 Error: 1 Warning: 0 Info: 1	oleted with:

Protip: If your Navigator for i runs slowly, run this tool!

Keep your clocks in sync

- Log files become more useful
- Communication between systems is easier
- Remove problems with time based authentication
- It's free and easy to setup

Type choices, press Enter. Remote system	Change SNTP	Attributes (CHGNTPA)
Remote system '192.168.100.152' + for more values 'uk.ntp.pool.org' Client autostart 'uk.ntp.pool.org' Client poll interval 60 1-1440 minutes, *SAME Client minimum adjustment 20 0-300000 milliseconds Client adjustment threshold *MAXADJ 1-7200 seconds, *SAME Client activity log *CHANGE *SAME, *NO, *YES 1-20 minutes, *SAME	Type choices, press Enter.	
+ for more values'uk.ntp.pool.org'Client autostart	Remote system	<u>'192.168.100.152'</u>
Client autostart*YES*SAME, *NO, *YESClient poll interval601-1440 minutes, *SAMEClient minimum adjustment200-300000 millisecondsClient maximum adjustment201-120 minutes, *SAMEClient adjustment threshold*MAXADJ1-7200 seconds, *SAME, *MAXADClient activity log*CHANGE*SAME, *NONE, *CHANGE, *POLL	+ for more values	'uk.ntp.pool.org'
Client adjustment threshold <u>*MAXADJ</u> 1-7200 seconds, *SAME, *MAXAD Client activity log <u>*CHANGE</u> *SAME, *NONE, *CHANGE, *POLL	Client autostart	*YES *SAME, *NO, *YES 60 1-1440 minutes, *SAME 20 0-300000 milliseconds 20 1-120 minutes, *SAME
Server autostart	Client adjustment threshold Client activity log Server autostart	*MAXADJ1-7200 seconds, *SAME, *MAXAD*CHANGE*SAME, *NONE, *CHANGE, *POLL*NO*SAME, *NO, *YES
Server activity log *NONE*SAME , *NONE , *ALL , *ERROR Synchronization required *NO*SAME , *NO , *YES	Server activity log Synchronization required	*NONE*SAME, *NONE, *ALL, *ERROR*NO*SAME, *NO, *YES

Protip: You can use your Windows Domain Controller as remote NTPS

Automate Daylight Saving Adjustment

Let you system change the clock for daylight saving

IBM [®] Navigator for i	Welcome qsecofr	Target system: 10.1.1.1 Help Logout
Welcome	Welcome 🗙 Time Management 🗙	
Search Task	Time Zones - Le IBM® Navigator for i	Welcome qsecofr Targ
🖃 IBM i Management 🛛	Current time	
	Identifier: Q Welcome	Welcome 🗙 Time Management 🗶
• Favorites	Name: G Search Task	
• System	Available time z	Edit Time Zone Q0000GMT2 - Localhost
Monitors	Target Systems and Groups	General I Enable Daylight Saving Time
Basic Operations	E Favorites	Daylight Saving Time Daylight Saving Time name
∰ Work Management	Select Ider Esystem	
Configuration and Service	O O00(⊞ Monitors	Use system-generated name
System Values	Basic Operations	Use name specified in message
Time Management		Message ID: CPX0912
= Disk Units	□ Configuration and Service	Note: Specify message file on General page.
Disk Pools	O Q000 System Values	Use specified name
 Partitions 	O ONO Time Management	Full name: British Summer Time
 Create Partition 	Disk Units	Abbreviated name: BST
	O QN0: Disk Pools	Start
E Program Temporary Fives	Partitions	
	Create Partition	Month: March 🔻
	E Software	Day: Sunday 🔻
		Occurrence of day in month:
	Integrated Server Administration	2:00:00 AM Example: 12:30:00 PM
		End
	Users and Groups	Month
		October V
	Journal Management	Day: Sunday V
	Performance	Occurrence of day in month: Last V
		Time: 2:00:00 AM Example: 12:30:00 PM
	Internet Configurations	Daylight Saving Time shift (0-120): 60 0 - 120 minutes
		OK Cancel

Check number of jobs in system

- Having too many jobs can slow your system down
- Record the normal level in use, track changes
- As the number increases it can slow your system
- If the number gets too high it can stop your system
- Step 1 Check number of jobs in job tables DSPJOBTBL
- Step 2 Make sure QTOTJOB is more than normal level
- Step 3 Set QADLTOTJ to be at least 10% of QTOTJOB



Turn on Auditing

- If you don't use the System Audit Journal Start now!
- If you don't audit you are blind to how your system is used
- Detect Hacking events
- Detect badly configured applications
- If you're not using the System Audit Journal start here: <u>https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/en/ssw_ibm_i_73/rzarl/rzarlusesecjnl.htm</u>
- CHGSECAUD / DSPSECAUD are your friends

Change Secur:	ity Auditing	(CHGSECAUD)
Type choices, press Enter.		
QAUDCTL system value	<u>*AUDLVL</u>	*SAME, *ALL, *NONE
Auditing values	<u>*CREATE</u> *DELETE *OBJMGT	*SAME, *ALL, *DFTSET
+ for more values	*SAVRST *SECURITY	Name
Library		_ Name, *CURLIB
		- Bottom
F3=Exit F4=Prompt F5=Refresh F24=More keys	F12=Cancel	F13=How to use this display

Audit Journal Helpers

Ever wondered if you are being hacked?

				View Configuration ×
				Use live data or the data mart Use Live Data Data Mart
				Select view
				O Chart View Detail View
				Select audit journal entries
				V Authority Failure (AF)
				Authority Changes (CA)
				Ownership Change (OW)
IBM Nav	avigator for i			
<u>12</u>	Audit Journal Entries - Summary View			
U,	■ Actions	Using Live Data		
				Salast shart made
<u>a</u>	3.500		Entry Count	
53	2,500			
é				
				Note: The underlying audit journal receivers must be present for the chosen date range.
ا م	2,000			Filter by user
<u>6</u>				Username:
Č				🖨 OK 🛛 🗙 Cancel
œ.	1,500			
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	0			
N.	1,000			
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	L			

Remove old Spool files

- This is usually the most effective way of reducing the number of jobs in a system
- Use WRKOUTQ / CLROUTQ for Bulk removal
- Download Free DLTOLDSPLF tool for targeted removal



General Tips for removing Crud

- Check QGPL for Save Files
- Check /tmp for temporary objects
- Check the number of Audit Journal Receivers you have
- Look for obvious duplicate libraries e.g. SBLIB & SBLIB1
- Check for old Image Catalogues (WRKIMGCLG)
- Permanently Apply PTFs (APYPTF *ALL *PERM)
- Check for old Network Storage Space (WRKNWSSTG)

Name	Server	Seq	Link Type	Access
GBLVTEST00				
GBLVTEST01	GBLVTEST	2	*DYN	*UPDATE
GBLVTEST02	GBLVTEST	3	*DYN	*UPDATE
GBLVTEST03	GBLVTEST	4	*DYN	*UPDATE
GBLVTEST04	GBLVTEST	5	*DYN	*UPDATE
GBLVTEST05	GBLVTEST	6	*DYN	*UPDATE

Tidy up your disks

- Remove unwanted / obsolete or duplicate objects
- Use RTVDSKINF / PRTDSKINF for Library Objects

Print D	isk Informatio	on (PRTDSKII	NF)		
Type choices, press Enter.					
Type of report	> <u>*LIB</u> <u>*SYSBAS</u> <u>*ALL</u> <u>*NONE</u> <u>*ALL</u>	*LIB Name Name Name Name *ALL	<pre>, *FLR, *OWN , *SYSBAS , generic*, , generic*, , *ALRTBL, *</pre>	I, *OBJ, ⇒ *ALL *ALL, *NI AUTL	*SYS DNE
Smallest size	<u>100000</u> *SIZE	Size *SIZI	in 1000 byt E. *OWNER. *	es LSTCHG	
File . Control Find . *+	: 0PEZD 	ISK 3+	4+5	Page/Line Columns .+6	4/1 1 - 78 ++
5770\$\$1	V7R2M0 140418		Disk	Space Repo	rt
Library CHORUSE CHORUSE CHORUSS CHGDG#H CHGDG#T CHGDG#T CHSAP #MMXJRM BGTEMP CHSKFFE MIMIX	J Owner EADB QPGMR ETDB QPGMR SVF QPGMR GFF QPGMR FEST QPGMR FOLD QPGMR QPGMR QPGMR QPGMR QPGMR QPGMR MIMIXOWN	% of Disk 23.30 5.86 5.41 4.15 3.22 2.58 2.58 1.04 .47 .42 .39	Size in 1000 bytes 396780720.1 99720958.0 92082135.0 70659203.1 54865272.8 43875450.9 43847073.8 17680969.7 8014577.7 7094497.3 6646358.0	Library Last Change 10/11/17 21/04/17 10/11/17 10/11/17 16/05/17 19/11/16 10/11/17 12/11/17 19/11/16 01/11/17 12/11/17	Information Last Use 11/11/17 27/06/17 11/11/17 27/06/17 11/11/17 11/11/17 11/11/17

Tidy up your IFS

RTVDIRINF / PRTDIRINF are useful if you don't know where to look

ProTip Try QSRSRV tool if you don't know where to start

CALL QSRSRV PARM("METRICS" '/' "EPFS")

Analyse the Entire IFS with a single command Output is a spool file but easy to import into DB2 or Excel

		DATA	ALLOCATED					
LINK	DFRD	SIZE IN	SIZE IN	DIRECTORY				
COUNT	LINKS	K BYTES	K BYTES	NAME				
6	0	24	72	/yajl/work	ing/src_	_backup/a	api	
20	0	159	320	/yajl/work	ing/src_	backup		
116	0	34	984	/yajl/work	ing/test	t/cases		
4	0	90	112	/yajl/work	ing/test	t		
2	0	4	16	/yajl/work	ing/veri	ify		
17	0	101	176	/yajl/work	ing			
4	0	64	64	/yajl				
0	0	0	0	/v7r3os				
10	0	25797384	25838656	/v7r2ptftr	7			
. 3	0	17456	18784	/v7r2iccpt	f			
TOTALS FOR	/							
		TOTAL	TOTAL					
TOTAL	TOTAL	DATA	ALLOCATED					
LINK	DFRD	SIZE IN	SIZE IN					
COUNT	LINKS	K BYTES	K BYTES					
169776	0	68828525	71265220					
*STMF	*DIR *SYMLNK	*FIF0 *SOCKET	*BLKSF *CHRS	SF *DDIR	*DSTMF	*SOMOBJ	*00P00L	OTHER
148934	16454 4255	0 28	0 10	04 O	0	0	0	0
Total mount	ed UDFSs:	0; Total Unmo	ounted UDFSs:	0				
Objects per	Directory - Ma	ax: 1909; Av	/erage: 1	10				
Max Directo	ry Depth:	12; Max Directo	ory Width:	256				

Tidy up your IFS

STOP PRESS – Breaking news – Use IBM i Services to view IFS usage

IFS_OBJECT_STATISTICS

- SQL Alternative to RTVDIRINF, WRKLNK, readdir, opendir, etc...
- 87 columns of data returned



Largest files under an IFS tree

limit 10;

PATH_NAME	OBJECT_TYPE	DATA_SIZE	OBJECT_OWNER
/usr/scottf/guard-itap-10.0.0_r79963_trunk_1-aix-5.3-aix-powerpc.sh	*STMF	22990848	SCOTTF
/usr/local/guardium/libprotobuf.a	*STMF	11376527	SCOTTF
/usr/local/guardium/istap	*STMF	7620568	SCOTTF
/usr/local/guardium/just_send	*STMF	3962332	SCOTTF
/usr/bin	*DIR	73728	QSYS
/usr	*DIR	24576	QSYS
/usr/scottf	*DIR	12288	SCOTTF
/usr/local/guardium/iso-swid	*DIR	12288	SCOTTF
/usr/local	*DIR	8192	SCOTTF
/usr/local/guardium	*DIR	8192	SCOTTF

IFS Storage Management by User

```
with ifsobjs (path, type) as (
   select path_name, object_type
   from table(qsys2.object_ownership('SCOTTF')) a
    where path_name is not null
)
select i.*, data_size, z.*
from ifsobjs i, lateral (
   select * from
   table(qsys2.ifs_object_statistics(
        start_path_name => path,
        subtree_directories => 'NO'))) z
order by data_size desc;
```

РАТН	TYPE	DATA_SIZE
/usr/scottf	*DIR	22990848
/usr/scottf/guard-itap-10.0.0_r7	*STMF	22990848
/usr/local/guardium/libprotobuf.a	*STMF	11376527
/ /3 3/. 11		44004000

IFS Directories – Data size probe

```
select path_name, object_type, data_size, object_owner,
    create_timestamp, access_timestamp,
    data_change_timestamp, object_change_timestamp
from table (
    qsys2.ifs_object_statistics(
    start_path_name => '/',
    subtree_directories => 'YES',
    object_type_list => '*ALLDIR *NOQSYS'))
where data_size is not null and
    object_owner not in ('QSYS')
order by 3 desc limit 10;
```

PATH_NAME	OBJECT_TYPE	DATA_SIZE	OBJECT_OWNER	CREATE_TI
/QOPT/HMC-9.1.910.0	*DDIR	2147483647	QDFTOWN	2018-02-21
/home/jdbctest/ct/out/compare	*DIR	3825664	EBERHARD	2018-07-15
/home/jdbctest/test	*DIR	2646016	EBERHARD	2016-04-28
/tmp/SQE/CLRAMLER_991432	*DIR	909312	CLRAMLER	2019-03-26
/home/idhctect/ctn/locator/evn	≁NT₽	696330	EREDHADU	2016-01-28

Check Database Cross Reference

- IBM i has a cross reference table for long & short table names
- When this goes wrong, your applications go wrong
- Using RCLSTG *DBXREF to detect and fix needs downtime
- Use the RCLDBXREF command to check whilst in use
- To check you can use RCLDBXREF OPTION(*CHECK)



To check you can use RCLDBXREF OPTION(*CHECK)



What Services are you using?

If you don't use it, disable it

For example:

If you move to sFTP

Why not Disable FTP

TCP	TCP/IP Servers - 192.168.100.17						
2	2						
4	No filter applied						
	Name	Status	Description				
	📅 BootP	Stopped	BootP Server				
	📅 BootP DHCP Relay Agent	Stopped	BootP DHCP Relay Agent				
	To DDM	Started	DRDA DDM Server TCP/IP				
	📅 DHCP	Stopped	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol				
		Stopped	Datalink File Manager				
	To EDRSQL	Stopped	Extended Dynamic Remote SQL				
	T FTP	Started	File Transfer Protocol				
	📅 HTTP Administration	Started	HTTP Server				
	Ta Ias	Stopped	Integrated Web Application Server				
	📅 IBM i NetServer	Started	IBM i Support for Windows Network Neighborhood				
	📅 IBM Tivoli Directory Server for IBM i	Started	IBM Tivoli Directory Server for IBM i (LDAP)				
	📅 INETD	Stopped	Internet Daemon (INETD) Super Server				
	📅 LPD	Started	Line Printer Daemon				
	📅 Management central	Started	Management central				
	📅 NFS	Stopped	NFS Server				
		Started	OMPROUTED				
	📅 РОР	Stopped	Post Office Protocol				
	📅 QoS	Stopped	QoS Server				
	📅 RADIUS NAS	None	RADIUS Network Access Server				
	📅 Remote Execution	Stopped	RExec				
	📅 RouteD	Stopped	Route Daemon				
	The RPC	Stopped	Remote procedure call				
	🔚 Service and Support Proxy	Stopped	Service and Support Proxy				

Move from FTP to sFTP

- Free of charge 5733SC1 Licensed Program
- Supports End to End Encryption
- Supports login with PKE (Public Key Encryption)
- Open Standard supported across platforms
- Can be scripted in CL / RPG just like FTP
- More secure than FTPS

	D	<pre>isplay Installed Licensed Programs</pre>		
			System:	KFF81(
Licensed	Installed			
Program	Status	Description		
5770JV1	*COMPATIBLE	Java SE 6 64 bit		
5770JV1	*COMPATIBLE	Java SE 7 32 bit		
5770JV1	*COMPATIBLE	Java SE 7 64 bit		
5770PT1	*COMPATIBLE	IBM Performance Tools for i		
5770PT1	*COMPATIBLE	Performance Tools - Manager Feature		
5770PT1	*COMPATIBLE	Performance Tools – Job Watcher		
5770001	*COMPATTBLE	IBM Query for i		
5733SC1	*INSTALLED	IBM Portable Utilities for i		
5733SC1	*INSTALLED	OpenSSH, OpenSSL, zlib		
5770ST1	*COMPATIBLE	DB2 Query Mgr and SQL DevKit		
5770TC1	*COMPATIBLE	IBM TCP/IP Connectivity Utilities for	r i	

Review Users

- Check for users that have not signed on for a long time
- Check for users with default passwords
- Check for users with special authorities
- Start with the Go SecTools menu

SECTOOLS	Security Tools	
Select on	ne of the following:	
Work wi 1. A	ith profiles Analyze default passwords	
2. D 3. C 4. A	Display active profile list Change active profile list Analyze profile activity	
5. D 6. C	Display activation schedule Change activation schedule entry	
7. D 8. C	Display expiration schedule Change expiration schedule entry	
9. P	Print profile internals	
Selection	n or command	

Review Users

Protip: SecTools is a starting point but not a silver bullet solution

For example - PRTUSRPRF TYPE(*AUTINFO) SPCAUT(*ALLOBJ)

User	Group	*ALL	*AUD	SYS	*JOB	*SAV	*SEC	*SER	*SPL	User
Profile	Profiles	OBJ	IT	CFG	CTL	SYS	ADM	VICE	CTL	Class
QLPAUTO	*NONE	Х		X	Х	Х	Х			*SYSOPR
QLPINSTALL	*NONE	X		X	Х	Х	Х			*SYSOPR
QSECOFR	*NONE	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	X	Х	Х	*SECOFR
QSECOFR1	*NONE	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	*SECOFR
QSYS	*NONE	Х	X	X	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	*SECOFR
ROWTON	*NONE	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	*SECOFR
ZENDADMIN	*NONE	X	Х	X	X	X	Х	Х	Х	*SECOFR

AUTHORIZATION_NAME	STATUS	NO_PASSWORD_INDICATOR	PREVIOUS_SIGNON	TEXT_DESCRIPTION
QLPAUTO	*ENABLED	NO	-	IBM-supplied User Profile
QLPINSTALL	*ENABLED	NO	-	IBM-supplied User Profile
QSECOFR	*ENABLED	YES	2015-09-20 13:05:04.000000	Security Officer
QSECOFR1	*ENABLED	YES	2015-09-20 14:29:08.000000	Security Officer
QSYS	*ENABLED	NO	-	Internal System User Profile
ROWTON	*ENABLED	YES	2015-09-20 13:56:51.000000	Rowton Support
SURPRISE	*ENABLED	YES	2015-09-20 14:29:52.000000	Has AllObj because Rowton is Group Profile
ZENDADMIN	*enabled	NO	-	Zend Server Administrator

IBM i Services gives you a better answer. In this case, user SURPRISE inherits its *ALLOBJ super powers from its Group Profile ROWTON. It does not have *ALLOBJ specified in its own right, so does not show up on the PRTUSRPRF That doesn't stop this user from having full access to every object on the system!

Apply PTFs Perm

- If you are happy with your PTFs, apply them Permanently
- This will save disk space
- Speed up the next PTF install
- Improved Roll Back position if you don't like your next PTF install

Apply Program	Temporary Fix	(APYPTF)
Type choices, press Enter.		
<pre>Product</pre>	<u>*ALL</u> <u>*ONLY</u> <u>*ALL</u>	F4 for list *ONLY, VxRyMz, vvrrmm Character value, *ALL
PTF numbers to omit + for more values		Character value
Extent of change	<u>*perm</u> <u>*NO</u>	*TEMP, *PERM *NO, *YES, *IMMDLY
Apply at unattended IPL Prerequisite lic int code Apply requisite PTFs	<u>*YES</u> <u>*APYPERM</u> <u>*N0</u>	*NO, *YES *APYPERM, *NOAPY *NO, *YES

ProTip: But do wait for at least a month after you install new PTFs

Remember your IBMi needs you too!

Questions?



Image source blog.rankdone.com

Thank You

Other items to Consider

- Journal Index limit
- Journal performance
- Check HMC to unused Processor and Memory
- Ansync bring
- Index Advisor
- Symetric MultiProc
- WRKPTFGRP SQL to check for PTFs not applied
- System Limits?
- SQL for Failed Password Logins
- SQL for disabled netserver users
- SQL for UnEncrypted IBM i Connections